

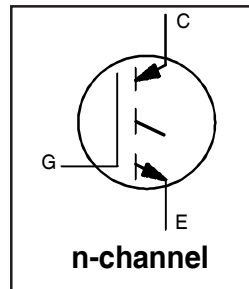
IRG4BC40FPbF

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR

Fast Speed IGBT

Features

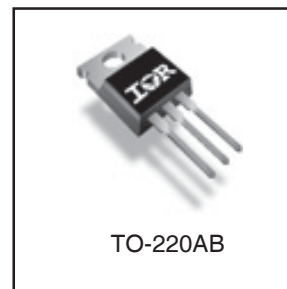
- Fast: optimized for medium operating frequencies (1-5 kHz in hard switching, >20 kHz in resonant mode).
- Generation 4 IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than Generation 3
- Industry standard TO-220AB package
- Lead-Free



| |
|-----------------------------|
| $V_{CES} = 600V$ |
| $V_{CE(on) typ.} = 1.50V$ |
| @ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 27A$ |

Benefits

- Generation 4 IGBTs offer highest efficiency available
- IGBTs optimized for specified application conditions
- Designed to be a "drop-in" replacement for equivalent industry-standard Generation 3 IR IGBTs



Absolute Maximum Ratings

| | Parameter | Max. | Units |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------|
| V_{CES} | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage | 600 | V |
| $I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$ | Continuous Collector Current | 49 | A |
| $I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Continuous Collector Current | 27 | |
| I_{CM} | Pulsed Collector Current ① | 196 | |
| I_{LM} | Clamped Inductive Load Current ② | 196 | |
| V_{GE} | Gate-to-Emitter Voltage | ± 20 | V |
| E_{ARV} | Reverse Voltage Avalanche Energy ③ | 15 | mJ |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation | 160 | W |
| $P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation | 65 | |
| T_J T_{STG} | Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range | -55 to + 150 | °C |
| | Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds | 300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm from case) | |
| | Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw. | 10 lbf•in (1.1N•m) | |

Thermal Resistance

| | Parameter | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------|---|------------|------|--------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-Case | --- | 0.77 | °C/W |
| $R_{\theta CS}$ | Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface | 0.50 | --- | |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount | --- | 80 | |
| Wt | Weight | 2.0 (0.07) | --- | g (oz) |

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|---------------------------------|--|------|------|-----------|---------|---|
| $V_{(BR)CES}$ | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage | 600 | — | — | V | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$ |
| $V_{(BR)ECS}$ | Emitter-to-Collector Breakdown Voltage ④ | 18 | — | — | V | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0A$ |
| $\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$ | Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage | — | 0.70 | — | V/°C | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$ |
| $V_{CE(ON)}$ | Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage | — | 1.50 | 1.7 | V | $I_C = 27A$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig.2, 5 |
| | | — | 1.85 | — | | |
| | | — | 1.56 | — | | |
| $V_{GE(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | 3.0 | — | 6.0 | | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$ |
| $\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$ | Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage | — | -12 | — | mV/°C | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$ |
| g_{fe} | Forward Transconductance ⑤ | 9.2 | 12 | — | S | $V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 27A$ |
| I_{CES} | Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current | — | — | 250 | μA | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$ |
| | | — | — | 2.0 | | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 10V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | | — | — | 1000 | | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ |
| I_{GES} | Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current | — | — | ± 100 | nA | $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$ |

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|---|
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge (turn-on) | — | 100 | 150 | nC | $I_C = 27A$ $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig. 8 |
| Q_{ge} | Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on) | — | 15 | 23 | | |
| Q_{gc} | Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on) | — | 35 | 53 | | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | — | 26 | — | ns | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 27A, V_{CC} = 480V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" See Fig. 10, 11, 13, 14 |
| t_r | Rise Time | — | 18 | — | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | — | 240 | 360 | | |
| t_f | Fall Time | — | 170 | 250 | | |
| E_{on} | Turn-On Switching Loss | — | 0.37 | — | mJ | See Fig. 10, 11, 13, 14 |
| E_{off} | Turn-Off Switching Loss | — | 1.81 | — | | |
| E_{ts} | Total Switching Loss | — | 2.18 | 2.8 | | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | — | 25 | — | ns | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $I_C = 27A, V_{CC} = 480V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" See Fig. 13, 14 |
| t_r | Rise Time | — | 21 | — | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | — | 380 | — | | |
| t_f | Fall Time | — | 310 | — | | |
| E_{ts} | Total Switching Loss | — | 3.9 | — | mJ | |
| L_E | Internal Emitter Inductance | — | 7.5 | — | nH | Measured 5mm from package |
| C_{ies} | Input Capacitance | — | 2200 | — | pF | $V_{GE} = 0V$ $V_{CC} = 30V$ $f = 1.0MHz$ See Fig. 7 |
| C_{oes} | Output Capacitance | — | 140 | — | | |
| C_{res} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | — | 29 | — | | |

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; $V_{GE} = 20V$, pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 13b)
- ② $V_{CC} = 80\%(V_{CES})$, $V_{GE} = 20V$, $L = 10\mu H$, $R_G = 10\Omega$, (See fig. 13a)
- ③ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.
- ⑤ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot.

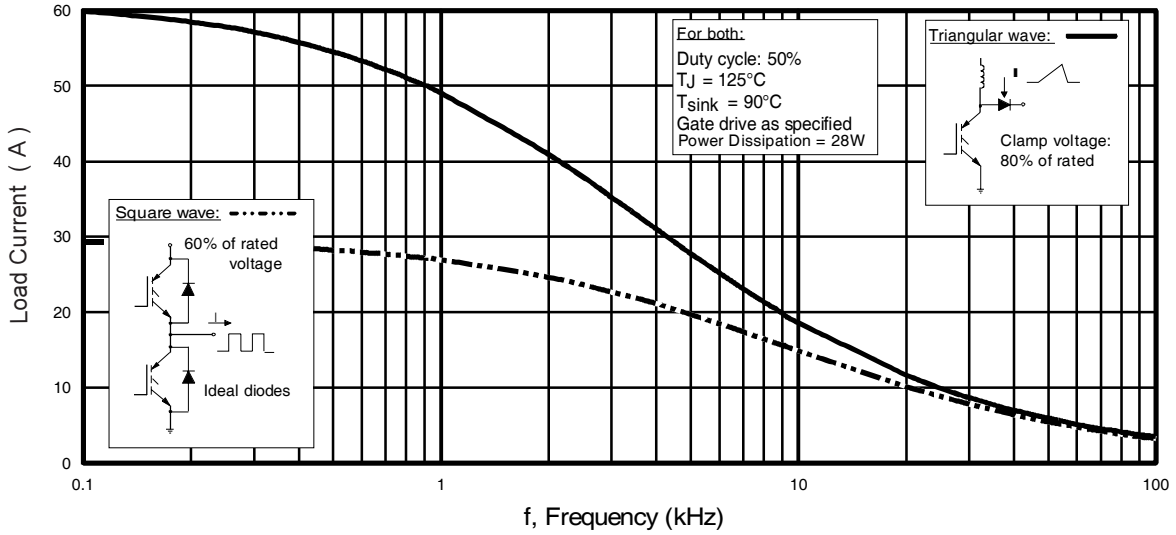


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(For square wave, $I = I_{RMS}$ of fundamental; for triangular wave, $I = I_{PK}$)

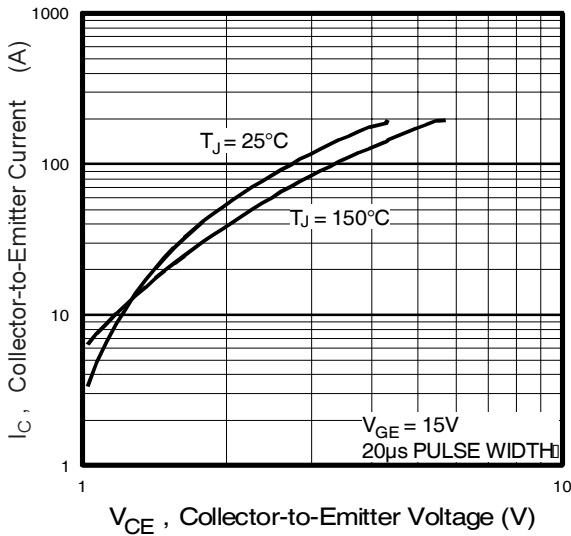


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

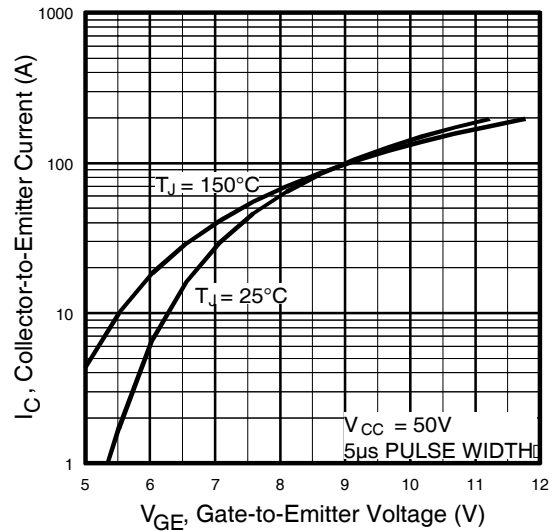


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

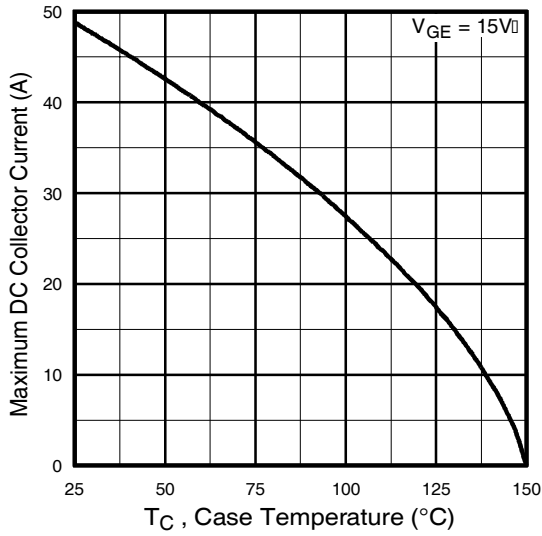


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

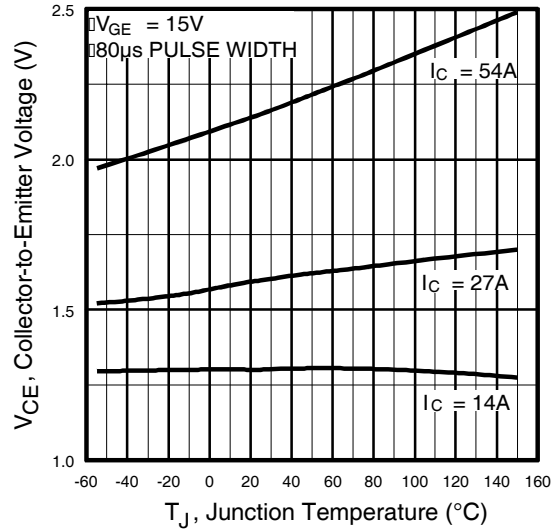


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

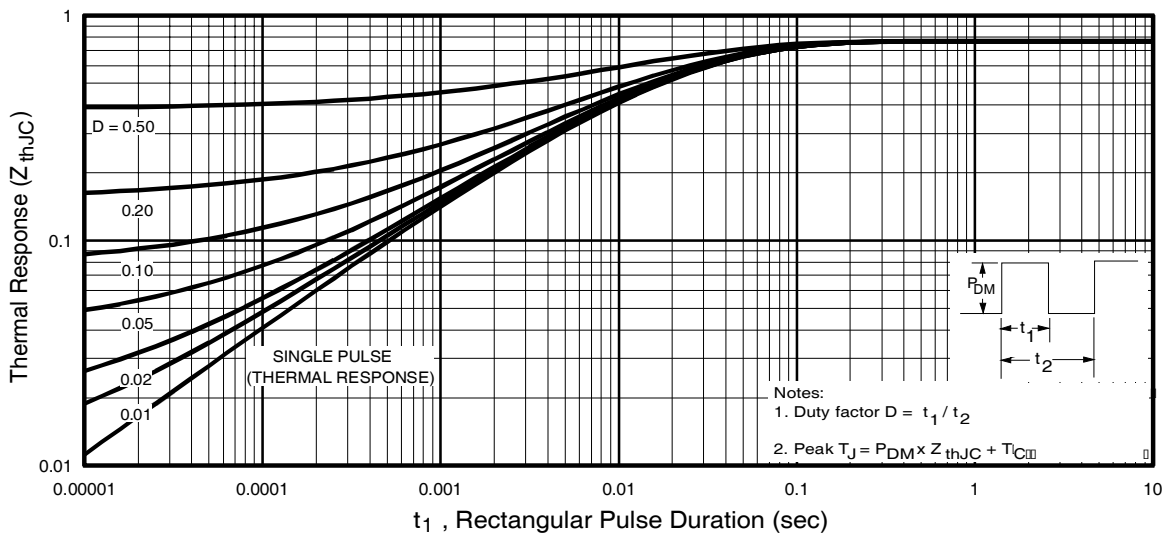


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

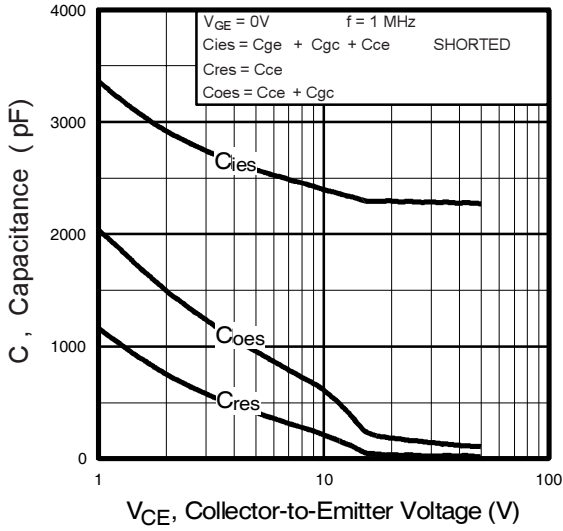


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

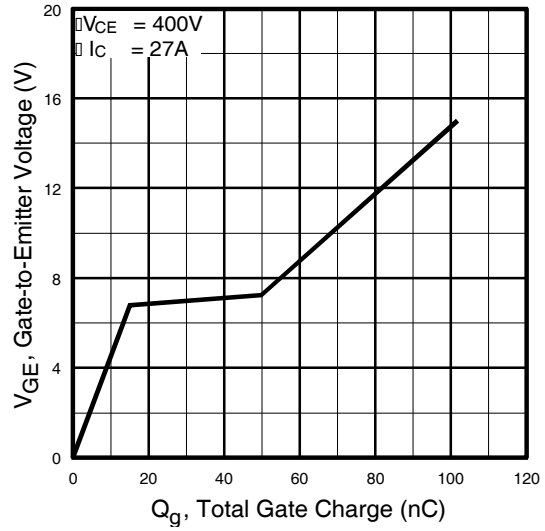


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

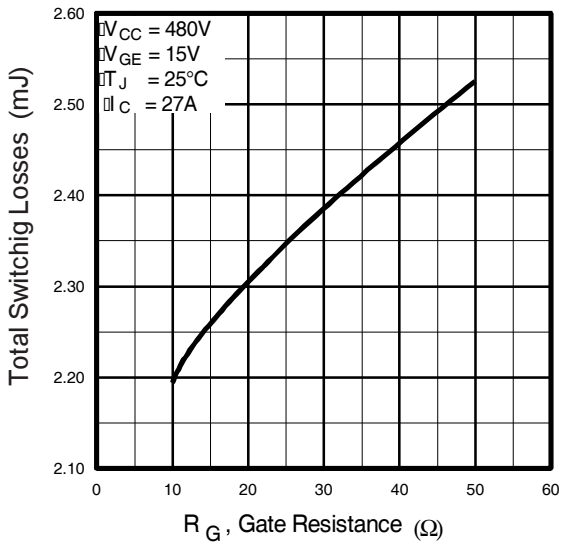


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

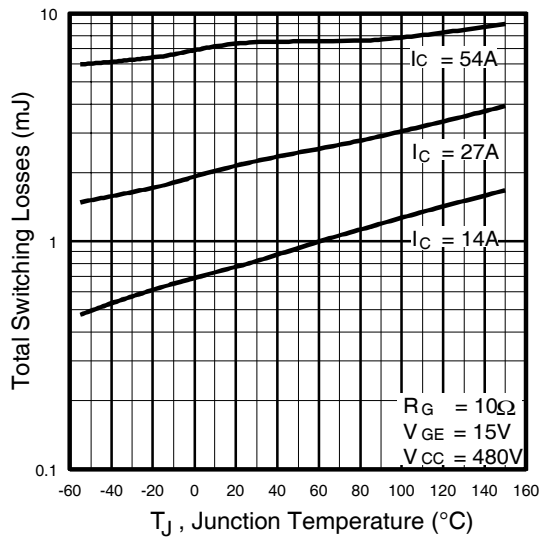


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

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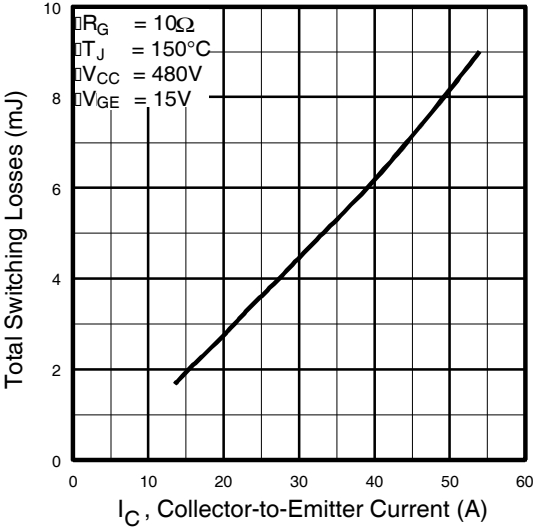


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

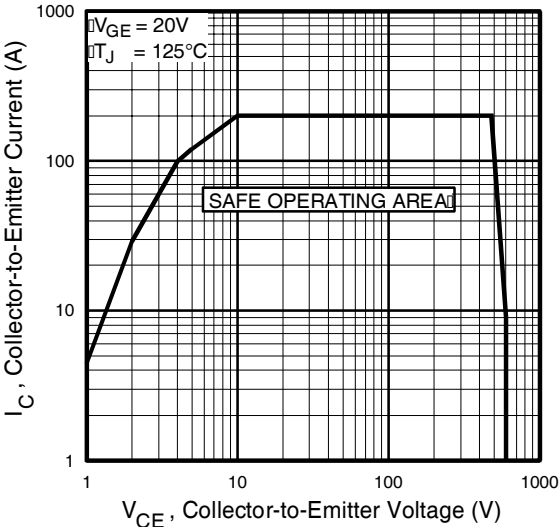


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

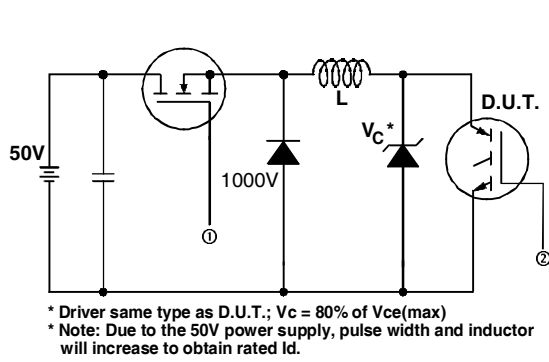


Fig. 13a - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

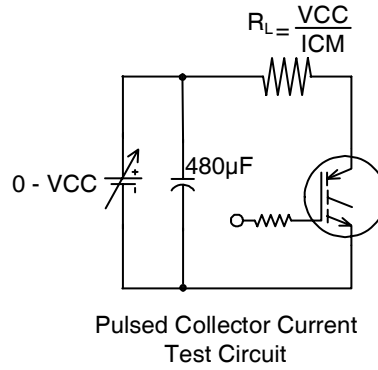


Fig. 13b - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

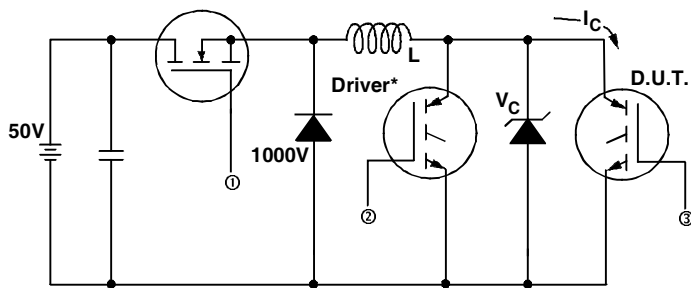


Fig. 14a - Switching Loss Test Circuit

* Driver same type as D.U.T., $V_C = 480V$

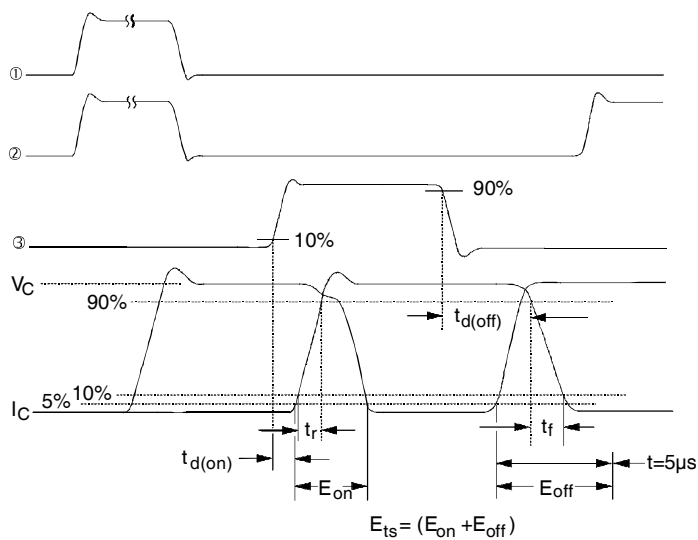
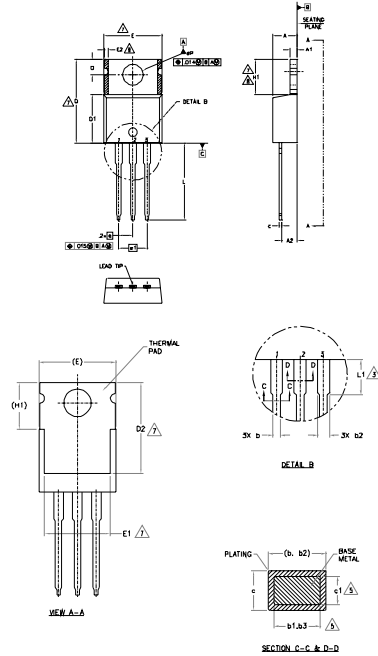


Fig. 14b - Switching Loss Waveforms

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International
IR Rectifier

TO-220AB Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



- NOTES:
- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
 - 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES (MILLIMETERS).
 - 3.- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN (1).
 - 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
 - 5.- DIMENSION D1, D2 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
 - 6.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION - INCHES.
 - 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL. WITHIN DIMENSIONS E1, D2 & E1.
 - 8.- DIMENSION E2 IS NOT DEFINED WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
 - 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max) AND D2 (min). THESE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

| SYMBOL | DIMENSIONS | | | | NOTES |
|--------|-------------|-------|----------|------|-------|
| | MILLIMETERS | | INCHES | | |
| | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| A | 3.56 | 4.83 | .140 | .190 | |
| A1 | 0.51 | 1.40 | .020 | .055 | |
| A2 | 2.03 | 2.92 | .080 | .115 | |
| b | 0.38 | 1.01 | .015 | .040 | |
| b1 | 0.38 | 0.97 | .015 | .038 | 5 |
| b2 | 1.14 | 1.78 | .045 | .070 | |
| b3 | 1.14 | 1.73 | .045 | .068 | 5 |
| c | 0.36 | 0.61 | .014 | .024 | |
| c1 | 0.36 | 0.56 | .014 | .022 | 5 |
| D | 14.22 | 16.51 | .560 | .650 | 4 |
| D1 | 8.38 | 9.02 | .330 | .355 | |
| D2 | 11.68 | 12.88 | .460 | .507 | 7 |
| E | 9.65 | 10.67 | .380 | .420 | 4,7 |
| E1 | 6.86 | 8.89 | .270 | .350 | 7 |
| E2 | - | 0.76 | - | .030 | 8 |
| e | 2.54 BSC | | .100 BSC | | |
| e1 | 3.06 BSC | | .120 BSC | | |
| H1 | 5.84 | 6.86 | .230 | .270 | 7,8 |
| L | 12.70 | 14.73 | .500 | .580 | |
| L1 | 3.56 | 4.06 | .140 | .160 | 3 |
| ØP | 3.54 | 4.08 | .139 | .161 | |
| Ø | 2.54 | 3.42 | .100 | .135 | |

LEAD ASSEMBLY

- 1- GATE
- 2- ANODE
- 3- CATHODE

WELD SPACER

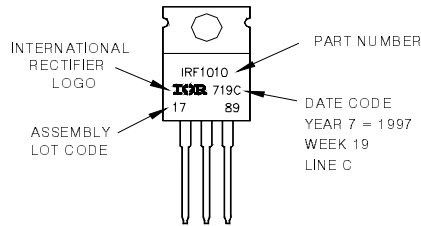
- 1- GATE
- 2- CATHODE
- 3- ANODE

WELLS

- 1- ANODE
- 2- CATHODE
- 3- GATE

TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010
 LOT CODE 1789
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE 'C'
Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

International
IR Rectifier

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